

Mark Scheme – Pre Standardisation

January 2021

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In English Literature (WET02) Unit 2: Drama

https://xtremepape.rs/

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at <u>www.edexcel.com</u> or <u>www.btec.co.uk</u>. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at <u>www.edexcel.com/contactus</u>.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

January 2021 Publications Code WET02_01_2102_MS All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2021

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the last candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the first.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification/indicative content will not be exhaustive.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, a senior examiner must be consulted before a mark is given.
- Crossed out work should be marked **unless** the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Specific Marking Guidance

When deciding how to reward an answer, examiners should consult both the indicative content and the associated marking grid(s). When using a levels-based mark scheme, the 'best fit' approach should be used.

- Examiners should first decide which descriptor most closely matches the answer and place it in that level.
- The mark awarded within the level will be decided based on the quality of the answer and will be modified according to how securely all bullet points are displayed at that level.
- Indicative content is exactly that they are factual points that candidates are likely to use to construct their answer.
- It is possible for an answer to be constructed without mentioning some or all of these points, as long as they provide alternative responses to the indicative content that fulfils the requirements of the question. It is the examiner's responsibility to apply their professional judgement to the candidate's response in determining if the answer fulfils the requirements of the question.

Placing a mark within a level

- Examiners should first decide which descriptor most closely matches the answer and place it in that level. The mark awarded within the level will be decided based on the quality of the answer and will be modified according to how securely all bullet points are displayed at that level.
- In cases of uneven performance, the points above will still apply. Candidates will be placed in the level that best describes their answer according to the descriptors in that level. Marks will be awarded towards the top or bottom of that level depending on how they have evidenced each of the descriptor bullet points.
- If the candidate's answer meets the requirements fully, markers should be prepared to award full marks within the level. The top mark in the level is used for work that is as good as can realistically be expected within that level.

Unit 2: Drama Section A: Pre-1900 Drama

Question Number	Indicative Content
1	The Rover
-	
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:
	 masculinity leading to patriarchy is associated with control of women through institutions, for example, of marriage, such as the marriage that Hellena's father and brother arrange for her, or the church, which Florinda resists excessive masculinity is associated with acts of violence against women – for example, in the attempted rape of Florinda by Blunt and Willmore the masculinity of the male characters is expressed in their status as cavaliers, which is part of their attraction to the young women of the text; the problem occurs in their propensity to use violence, for example duelling for the hand of Angellica expressions of female sexuality are not a solution to aggressive masculinity: Angellica is reduced to a two-dimensional image or an object of consumption to be bought and sold work or education are not proposed as a solution – Angellica's experience is instructive; assertions of strength seem unproductive, since they merely ape masculine violence, as Angellica discovers when she pursues Willmore with a pistol we know too much about Willmore's behaviour to feel that Hellena has made a wise choice in her marriage partner; since she is the play's true hero, it is fair to assume that Behn is at least implicitly critiquing the institution as well as this husband – the play began, after all, with marriage as a form of repression for Hellena contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to masculinity in the late seventeenth century; the presentation of values and attitudes that endorse or challenge masculinity in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical
	opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Question Number	Indicative Content
2	 The Rover Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: Blunt as comic foil to the more refined romantic heroes: his initial arrogance (he 'cocks and struts'), and his dull talk, provokes the audience to enjoy his comic downfall slapstick humour of the naked Blunt discovering Lucetta has robbed him of his money and his clothes wit is a vital element in the play's comedy and romance: Hellena and Willmore are its best exponents, and their ability to match each other word for word is part of their attraction to one another carnivalesque comedy – uses of masks, social inversions, heady spirit of carnival time the violence in the play is sometimes comic but just as often disturbing, for example, when Blunt uses rape to get revenge on the female sex for what Lucetta has done to him perhaps more disturbing is that the play's romantic lead character, Willmore, joins Blunt on his revenge mission and disturbingly describes rape as a method of revenge as a 'double pleasure'. This creates unease when, at the end, he marries Hellena, a likeable character whose struggle for freedom we have been encouraged to endorse throughout contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to genre conventions of comedy; the presentation of comic scenes and darker scenes in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.

Please refer to the specific marking guidance on page 4 when applying this marking grid.							
Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet point 1	AO2 = bullet point 2	AO3 = bullet point 3, 4	AO5 = bullet point 5		
	0	No rewardabl	e material.				
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive					
		 Makes Limite lapses Uses a and h 	ed use of appro s of expression. a narrative or d	escriptive approach that	organisation of ideas. minology with frequent errors and at shows limited knowledge of texts ws a lack of understanding of the		
		Shows	limited aware	ness of contextual factor	ors.		
		Shows	limited aware	ness of links between t	exts and contexts.		
				ness of different interp of different interpreta	retations and alternative readings of tions to own response.		
Level 2	6 - 10		rstanding/expl		•		
		 Make explan Orgar Gives Shows 	s general point nation of effect nises and expre surface reading	s, identifying some liter s. Aware of some appro sses ideas with clarity, a gs of texts relating to he	rary techniques with general opriate concepts and terminology. although still has errors and lapses. ow meanings are shaped in texts. ng on straightforward elements of		
		-		ess of the significance a petween texts and cont	nd influence of contextual factors. exts.		
		Offers readir	s straightforwa	rd explanations of diffe me support of own idea	rent interpretations and alternative as given with reference to generic		
Level 3	11 – 15		application/e				
		 Offersterming Iapsesterming Demotion 	s a clear respon nology and con s in expression. onstrates know	se using relevant textu cepts. Creates a logical	al examples. Relevant use of , clear structure with few errors and are shaped in texts with consistent writer's craft.		
		Demo factor		r exploration of the sigr	nificance and influence of contextual		
		Devel	ops relevant lin	ks between texts and c	ontexts.		
			ts. Explores dif	•	rpretations and alternative readings n support or contrast to own		
Level 4	16 - 20	-		plication/exploration			
		 Consti Discrin cohes Demo 	ructs a controll minating use of ive transitions nstrates discrir	ed argument with fluer concepts and terminol and carefully chosen lar ninating understanding	atly embedded examples. logy. Controls structures with precise nguage. of how meanings are shaped in nces and subtleties of the writer's		
		factor	s.		hificance and influence of contextual		
		Produ readir	ces a develope ngs of texts. Dis	-	nt interpretations and alternative d offers integrated exploration of		

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression. Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft. Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors. Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts. Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application.

Question Number	Indicative Content
3	She Stoops to Conquer
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:
	 Mr Hardcastle's insistence on wearing old fashioned clothes himself, and that his family dress in similar style, is a catalyst for the plot: this style convinces Marlow that Hardcastle is an innkeeper traditional values of respecting class differences and chivalric behaviour towards women are travestied in the plot: servants disrespect masters, Marlow's very different treatment of women from different social strata; conventional courtesies are not observed – for example, between guests and their hosts; respect for elders is not always shown women reject behaviours and attitudes traditionally allocated to them: Kate seizes control of her destiny in snaring Marlow, and even Miss Neville bravely goes against what is expected of her in terms of marrying Hastings rather than Tony when Miss Neville and Hastings declare their intention to marry even if it means losing her inheritance, Mrs Hardcastle contemptuously compares their idea of marriage as like that of 'modern novel' Mrs Hardcastle's hypocrisy: she is attracted by the modernity of fashionable London life, but quickly retreats into traditionalism when her own self-interest – Miss Neville marrying her son – is threatened
	 Sir Charles appears at the end to reassert traditional values in correcting his son's errant behaviour contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating
	to traditional and modern values in society; the presentation of these values and attitudes in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Question Number	Indicative Content
4	She Stoops to Conquer
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:
	 Tony's life at The Three Pigeons inn revolves around drinking with his low friends, which appears to be established as a juxtaposition of the respectability of the Hall but in fact turns out to be its parallel the purpose of Tony's drinking song is to establish the bacchanalian aspect of comedy – a key aspect of Goldsmith's earthy rejection of the fashionable sentimental comedies of the day drinking 'old wines' is part of what makes Mr Hardcastle the embodiment of traditional values the mistaking of the Hall for an inn, and Kate for a barmaid, provides much of the play's humour conflict arises from Marlow's ungentlemanly behaviour after taking drink – despite his claim that he takes no drink Mr Hardcastle is extremely displeased by Marlow's encouraging his servants to drink to excess and to drink freely from his cellars contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to alcohol consumption in late eighteenth-century Britain; the presentation and reception of characters who drink in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

				ge 4 when applying thi	
Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet		AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5
	0	No rewardabl	e material.		
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive			
				e to texts with limited	-
				•	rminology with frequent
			s and lapses of e	•	
		and h	ow meanings ar		at shows limited knowledge of texts ws a lack of understanding of the
			r's craft.		
				ness of contextual fact	
				ness of links between t	
				•	pretations and alternative readings of tions to own response.
Level 2	6 – 10		rstanding/explo		
		Make	s general points	s, identifying some lite	rary techniques with general opriate concepts and terminology.
		Orgar	ises and expres	ses ideas with clarity,	although still has errors and lapses.
			-	-	ow meanings are shaped
			-		ommenting on straightforward
			ents of the write		
				ss of the significance a	nd influence of
			xtual factors.		
			-	etween texts and con	
					rent interpretations and
				different interpretatio	of own ideas given with
Level 3	11 – 15		t application/ex		115.
Levers	11 15		••	•	al examples. Relevant use of
		termi	•	•	l, clear structure with few errors and
		•	•	edge of how meanings	are shaped in texts with consistent
				understanding of the	
		-	onstrates a clear	-	nificance and influence of contextual
		Devel	ops relevant linl	ks between texts and o	contexts.
				-	rpretations and alternative readings of support or contrast to own argument.
Level 4	16 – 20	Discriminatin	g controlled app	plication/exploration	
				-	ntly embedded examples.
			-		logy. Controls structures with precise
				nd carefully chosen la	
				-	g of how meanings are shaped in texts.
		-			and subtleties of the writer's craft.
				ting analysis of the sig	nificance and influence of contextual
		factor		activican touts and an	stovto
				between texts and cor	
		readir	ngs of texts. Disc	cussion is controlled a	ent interpretations and alternative nd offers integrated exploration of
		differ	ent interpretation	ons in development of	own critical position.

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
Level 5	21 – 25	 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression. Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft. Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors. Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts. Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and
		alternative readings of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application of alternative interpretations to illuminate own critical position.

Question Number	Indicative Content
-	 Indicative Content Twelfth Night Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: water and drowning have a figurative as well as a literal function in the play: Orsino's love is hungry as the sea, Feste depicts Sir Toby as drowning in drink. Further analogies made between 'briny' tears and the sea from the outset food is associated with love: if music be the food of love, Orsino's love is as 'hungry as the sea', multiple references to food, ingestion. Use of such metaphor adds to appetitive mood of carnival Shakespeare uses music in the play but as an idea it serves as a figurative
	 function, becoming associated with love throughout the play. At the outset, Viola plans to use music to get close to Orsino: 'for I can sing/And speak to him in many sorts of music' hunting – association of love and the hunt in opening scene; Cesario as hunter and Sir Andrew as her kill; Maria as a beagle; links to the play's amalgam of comedy, romance, and other, darker moods the imagery of Hell, demons and damnation is used humorously to mock and to terrify Malvolio, and are symbolic of the various acts of deception that occur in the plot contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to use of metaphor and other forms of imagery in the period; the changing presentation of the metaphors in the play in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.

Question	Indicative Content				
Number					
6	Twelfth Night				
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:				
	 Sir Toby's excesses are manifested in his body, in terms of his physique and his appetite for food 				
	 such excesses do much to set the tone for carnivalesque revelry 				
	 his capacity for witty riposte and quick-witted scheming is appealing to the audience 				
	 however, his exploitation and endangering of the hapless Sir Andrew and, more seriously, his merciless pursuit of Malvolio, introduce a darker aspect to the festive mood 				
	 his attraction to Maria, a servant, is one of the many boundaries of class that is crossed in the play (though despite his title, he is dependent on his niece and on Sir Andrew for money) 				
	 their marriage at the end adds to the play's conventional use of heterosexual marriage as resolution – he is rewarded, in a sense, for his contribution to the festive mood, as are Cesario and Olivia 				
	 contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to social class and carnival festivity; the changing presentation of Sir Toby in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance. 				
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.				

Level	er to the spec Mark	AO1 = bullet	AO2 = bullet	AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet		
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5		
	0	No rewardabl	e material.				
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive					
		Limite lapses Uses a how r craft. Shows	ed use of appro s of expression a narrative or o neanings are s s limited aware	descriptive approach tha	minology with frequent errors and at shows limited knowledge of texts and lack of understanding of the writer's prs.		
				•	retations andalt ernative readings of		
		-		g of different interpretat	cions to own response.		
Level 2	6 - 10	of eff expre althou	s general poin ects. Aware of sses ideas with ugh still has er	ts, identifying some liter some appropriate conce clarity, rors and lapses.	ary techniques with general explanation epts and terminology. Organises and		
					ow meanings are shaped in texts. Shows traightforward elements of the writer's		
		Has g		-	nd influence of contextual factors.		
		Offers readin	s straightforwa	me support of own idea	exts. rent interpretations and alternative is given with reference to generic		
Level 3	11 – 15	Clear relevant					
		Offers termi lapses	a clear responsion of the second s	nse using relevant textuancepts. Creates a logical,	al examples. Relevant use of , clear structure with few errors and		
				ledge of how meanings r understanding of the v	are shaped in texts with consistent vriter's craft.		
			onstrates a clea	-	ificance and influence of contextual		
		Devel	ops relevant lii	nks between texts and c	ontexts.		
				-	pretations and alternative readings of upport or contrast to own argument.		
Level 4	16 – 20			plication/exploration			
		Const use of transi	ructs a control concepts and tions and care	led argument with fluen terminology. Controls s fully chosen language.	tly embedded examples. Discriminating tructures with precise cohesive		
					of how meanings are shaped in texts. nd subtleties of the writer's craft.		
			les a discrimin		ificance and influence of contextual		
		Make	s detailed links	between texts and cont	texts.		
		readir	ngs of texts. Di		nt interpretations and alternative d offers integrated exploration of		

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression. Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft. Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors. Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts. Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application.

Question Number	Indicative Content
7	Doctor Faustus
	 Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: the opening chorus refers to Faustus as 'swol'n', suggesting a particularly intense form of self-love; the Chorus also compares Faustus to Icarus, as similarly possessed with an arrogant pride and similarly destined to fall Mephistophilis explicitly identifies pride as Lucifer's principal sin: 'aspiring pride and insolence' led him to defy God Faustus imagines himself possessing God-like powers: his aspiration for dominance is, ironically, more like that of Lucifer in the parade of Seven Deadly Sins, Pride is, appropriately, the first to appear the embodiment of Pride in this scene connects the play with the medieval morality play tradition the Good Angel offers Faustus many opportunities for repentance, which Faustus contemplates but ultimately refuses, owing to his pride; when he does finally try to repent, it is, as he knows, too late and he succumbs to despair contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to sin and punishment generally, and pride specifically, in the Renaissance period; the presentation of pride and its uses and effects in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Question Number 8	Indicative Content
	 Doctor Faustus Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: there are many scenes that raise complex theological questions – including, God's mercy and grace, aspects of sin and punishment, predestination and the good life, the fall of Lucifer and foundation of Hell as an absence of God the first appearance of Mephistophilis is a stunning spectacle, especially for its first audiences the summoning of spirits and visions – such as Helen – adds greatly to the show's visual appeal; the parade of the Seven Deadly Sins is also a moment of high drama and spectacular entertainment the scenes in which Robin and Rafe attempt to use the book of magic, or
	 the slapstick scenes with the Pope lend a particularly gaudy hue to the action Marlowe crafts the play to ensure that wherever possible the theological implications are illustrated and dramatised as compelling dilemmas, often in spectacular settings. For example, in Scene 13, in which Faustus sees his blood congeal to prevent him signing away his soul, an echo of the spilt blood of Christ in the denouement, with Faustus' fate sealed and the opportunity for dramatic spectacle having passed, the Chorus steps in to explain the complex theological consequences of Faustus' actions contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to theology and/or stagecraft in the Renaissance period; the presentation of theological issues in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.

Level	Mark	ific marking guidance on page 4 when applying this marking grid. AO1 = bullet AO2 = bullet AO3 = bullet AO5 = bullet					
	WIGHK	point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5		
	0	No rewardabl	e material.				
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive					
		Limite lapses Uses a how r craft. Shows Shows Shows	ed use of appro s of expression. a narrative or d meanings are sh s limited aware s limited aware s limited aware	escriptive approach that haped in texts. Shows a ness of contextual factor ness of links between to ness of different interp	minology with frequent errors and at shows limited knowledge of texts and lack of understanding of the writer's ors. exts and contexts. retations and alternative readings of		
		texts.	Limited linking	of different interpretat	tions to own response.		
Level 2	6-10	 Make of efference Gives gener craft. Has gener Makes Ofference reading 	ects. Aware of s sses ideas with surface reading al understandir eneral awarene s general links b s straightforwar	s, identifying some liter some appropriate conce clarity, although still ha gs of texts relating to he ng by commenting on st ess of the significance an between texts and cont of explanations of differ me support of own idea	by meanings are shaped in texts. Shows traightforward elements of the writer's and influence of contextual factors.		
Level 3	11 – 15	Clear relevant	application/ex	ploration			
		termi lapses Demo analys Demo factor Devel Offers texts.	nology and con s in expression. onstrates knowl sis. Shows clear onstrates a clear rs. ops relevant lin s clear understa Explores differ	cepts. Creates a logical, edge of how meanings understanding of the w r exploration of the sigr ks between texts and c unding of different inter ent interpretations in su	nificance and influence of contextual		
Level 4	16 – 20	Discriminating	g controlled ap	plication/exploration			
		use of transi Demo Analys Provic factor Makes Produ readir	concepts and t tions and carefu nstrates discrin ses, in a control des a discrimina s. s detailed links ces a develope ngs of texts. Dis	erminology. Controls s ully chosen language. ninating understanding led way, the nuances a ting analysis of the sign between texts and cont d exploration of differe	nt interpretations and alternative d offers integrated exploration of		

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression. Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft. Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors. Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts. Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application.

Question Number	Indicative Content
Question Number 9	 Othello Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: candidates are likely to supply several examples of interpretations of lago; accept all relevant work but ensure the focus of the answer is on why, i.e. attempts at explaining the reasons for the variety of interpretations lago is a character of contradictions, opening the potential for ambivalent readings: he appears, for example, to be coldly rational but also appears to be motivated by a passionate desire for revenge Shakespeare uses soliloquy to allow lago to articulate his own motives – multiple readings will follow from the extent to which we believe the claims he makes his ingenuity with language and plot gives him a creativity that an audience or critic is likely to find at some level attractive: the consequences of his uses of persuasion and entrapment are of course deplorable lago is the cleverest, and most strategic, thinker in the play. He may be correct in believing Cassio's preferment is unjust, and at some level critics may sympathise with his frustration critics must evaluate a character who can adeptly frame a plan of action and yet have the mental wit to adapt flexibly as circumstances demand (for example, in sensing the significance of the handkerchief) lago's provocative prejudice forces audiences, readers and critics to consider their own attitudes and values – this may explain the wide variety of perspectives on his behaviour contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to injustice and evil; the presentation of lago in contemporary and modern productions; reference may be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Question Number	Indicative Content
-	 Othello Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: the dramatic juxtaposition between the announcement of Othello, by lago and Roderigo, as a savage beast and his eloquence and wit on his delayed first appearance the play's imagery features multiple uses of opposition: contrasts between shadow and light, fairness and blackness, sight and blindness internal opposition: in stating 'I am not what I am' lago embraces his antithetical nature, the loyal counsellor and the traitorous revenger – he himself is Janus, the Roman god with two faces, to which he refers reason vs passion is another opposition that the play explores: Othello's demand for ocular proof is soon abandoned as he descends into irrational rage puns and irony intensify the sense of pervasive opposition: 'Put out the light, and then put out the light!', in which he seems unaware that he extinguishes any hope of salvation for himself in committing the sin of ending Desdemona's blameless life the setting of wartime between Venice and the Turks appears to be mapped onto a value system in which the West is equated with civility and reason and the East with exoticism, and barbarism. Cyprus is presented as a liminal space between them contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to the play's many oppositions; the presentation of such oppositions as a significant factor in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet point 1	AO2 = bullet point 2	AO3 = bullet point 3, 4	AO5 = bullet point 5
	0	No rewardabl	e material.		
Level 1	1-5	Limite lapses Uses a how r craft. Shows Shows Shows	ed use of appro s of expression. a narrative or d meanings are sh s limited aware s limited aware s limited aware	escriptive approach than haped in texts. Shows a ness of contextual factor ness of links between t ness of different interp	minology with frequent errors and at shows limited knowledge of texts and lack of understanding of the writer's prs.
Level 2	6-10	General unde Make of effe expre Gives gener craft. Has g Make Offers readin	rstanding/expl s general points ects. Aware of s sses ideas with surface reading al understandir eneral awarene s general links b s straightforwar	oration s, identifying some liter some appropriate conc clarity, although still have gs of texts relating to have ng by commenting on s ess of the significance a between texts and cont of explanations of diffe me support of own idea	rary techniques with general explanation epts and terminology. Organises and as errors and lapses. ow meanings are shaped in texts. Shows traightforward elements of the writer's nd influence of contextual factors.
Level 3	11 - 15	Clear relevant Offers termi lapses Demo analys Demo factor Devel Offers	application/ex a clear respon nology and con in expression. onstrates knowl sis. Shows clear onstrates a clear s. ops relevant lin s clear understa	xploration se using relevant textu cepts. Creates a logical edge of how meanings understanding of the v r exploration of the sign ks between texts and c unding of different inter	nificance and influence of contextual
Level 4	16 – 20	 Const use of transi Demo Analys Provio factor Makes Produ readir 	ructs a controlle concepts and t tions and carefu nstrates discrin ses, in a control les a discrimina s. s detailed links ces a develope ngs of texts. Dis	erminology. Controls s ully chosen language. ninating understanding lled way, the nuances a ting analysis of the sigr between texts and con d exploration of differe	nt interpretations and alternative ad offers integrated exploration of

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression. Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft. Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors. Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts. Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application.

Section B: Post-1900 Drama

Question Number	Indicative Content
	 Indicative Content Top Girls Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: Marlene has striven to escape the rural poverty of her upbringing, but in the final scene she is confronted with the hollowness of many of the choices she made Joyce, Marlene's sister, has brought up Marlene's unwanted child as her own, limiting her own prospects, but in Scene 3 she too hints at the frustration she has felt at being unable to escape Marlene's daughter Angie has struggled at school but still has a desire to make something of herself, as she announces to 'Auntie Marlene' in her London office – but Marlene dismisses her prospects: she is 'thick' and 'not going to make it' Kit's ambitions are thwarted by her mother who mocks her aspiration to become a scientist Pope Joan's talent and ambition take her to the very top of society, but she is ultimately exposed as a fraud Lady Nijo and Griselda achieve high status through the men they are with and strive to achieve perfection as wives/lovers; but both live with the bitter disappointment of being separated from their children, and suffer humiliation when the men in their lives abandon them for others contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to women's achievements, and barriers to such achievement; the presentation of attitudes to such achievement in contemporary productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet		e 4 when applying th AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5
	0	No rewardabl	e material.		
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive			
		Limite lapses Uses a and h writer Shows Shows Shows	ed use of approp s of expression. a narrative or de ow meanings ar s's craft. s limited awarer s limited awarer s limited awarer	priate concepts and te escriptive approach the shaped in texts. Sho ness of contextual fac ness of links between ness of different inter	texts and contexts. pretations and alternative readings of
Laval 2	C 10		-		ations to own response.
Level 2	6 – 10	 Make explain Organ Gives Show writen Has g Makes 	nation of effects nises and expres surface reading s general unders d's craft. eneral awarenes s general links b	, identifying some lite s. Aware of some app ses ideas with clarity, s of texts relating to l standing by comment ss of the significance etween texts and cor	erary techniques with general ropriate concepts and terminology. , although still has errors and lapses. how meanings are shaped in texts. ting on straightforward elements of the and influence of contextual factors. htexts. erent interpretations and alternative
			ngs of texts. Son ent interpretation		eas given with reference to generic
Level 3	11 – 15		application/ex		
		 Offerstermi lapses Demonanalys Demonanalys 	s a clear respons nology and cond s in expression. onstrates knowle sis. Shows clear onstrates a clear rs.	edge of how meaning understanding of the exploration of the sig	gnificance and influence of contextual
				ks between texts and	
				-	erpretations and alternative readings of support or contrast to own argument.
Level 4	16 - 20	Discriminating Const Discriminating Const	g controlled app ructs a controlle minating use of ive transitions a	Dication/exploration ed argument with flue concepts and termine nd carefully chosen la	ently embedded examples. ology. Controls structures with precise anguage.
		Analys Provid factor Makes Produ	ses, in a controll les a discriminat s. s detailed links b ces a developec	ed way, the nuances ting analysis of the sig between texts and co d exploration of differ	ng of how meanings are shaped in texts. and subtleties of the writer's craft. gnificance and influence of contextual ntexts. rent interpretations and alternative and offers integrated exploration of

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		• Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression.
		 Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft.
		 Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors.
		 Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts.
		Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings
		of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application of alternative
		interpretations to illuminate own critical position.

Question Number	Indicative Content
13	A Raisin in the Sun
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:
	 Mama's apartment is a barrier – its enclosed four walls, with no outdoor space, prevents her from having a space she can garden, and her grandson from having a place to play
	 Walter's lack of money is a barrier to him fulfilling his ambition of being a self-made man
	 Asagai teaches Beneatha, and also, indirectly, Walter, that they have allowed themselves to be cut off from their African heritage
	 materialistic American culture has, Asagai argues, put a barrier between Beneatha and her true self: he renames her 'Alaiyo' (meaning 'One for whom bread is not enough')
	 Lindner seeks to maintain Clybourne Park as a whites-only enclave, and his visit to the Younger family is intended to keep this barrier in place by dissuading them from moving in
	 contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to various types of barrier, literal and metaphorical; the presentation of such barriers in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Question Number	Indicative Content
	 Indicative Content A Raisin in the Sun Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: Hansberry's warm, fond depiction of Mama throughout the play means that we sympathise with her dreams and the likelihood, at the end, of fulfilling them Walter's belated assertion of strength and dignity gives him a gravitas that his earlier folly did not seem to promise Beneatha's preference for Asagai over George is satisfying; we have seen George's shallow personality and have been encouraged to see Asagai as a better match for the principled and intellectually adventurous Beneatha Walter's entrepreneurial spirit may lead to him trying to seize more opportunities, though the naivety he reveals when being swindled by his business partner may serve to restrict that opportunity the family's pledge to stick together at the end of the play is encouraging but perhaps somewhat optimistic given the tensions that emerged in the first two acts of the play given Lindner's veiled threats, the move to Clybourne seems likely to be fraught; the audience may feel the family's confidence in the future is misplaced contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating
	misplaced
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet		e 4 when applying th AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet			
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5			
	0	No rewardabl	e material.					
Level 1	1-5	5 Descriptive						
		Limite lapses Uses a and h writer Shows Shows Shows	ed use of approp s of expression. a narrative or de ow meanings ar s's craft. s limited awarer s limited awarer s limited awarer	priate concepts and te escriptive approach the shaped in texts. Sho ness of contextual fac ness of links between ness of different inter	texts and contexts. pretations and alternative readings of			
			-		ations to own response.			
Level 2	6 – 10	 Make explat Orgar Gives Show writer Has g Makes Offers 	nation of effects sises and expres surface reading s general unders s's craft. eneral awarenes s general links b s straightforwar	, identifying some lite s. Aware of some app ses ideas with clarity, s of texts relating to l standing by comment ss of the significance etween texts and cor d explanations of diff	erary techniques with general ropriate concepts and terminology. , although still has errors and lapses. how meanings are shaped in texts. ting on straightforward elements of the and influence of contextual factors. ntexts. erent interpretations and alternative eas given with reference to generic			
			ent interpretation					
Level 3	11-15	 Offerstermi lapses Demonstration Demonstrating transition Demonstration Demons	nology and cond s in expression. Instrates knowle sis. Shows clear Instrates a clear s. ops relevant link s clear understa Explores differe	e using relevant text cepts. Creates a logica edge of how meaning understanding of the exploration of the sig ss between texts and nding of different inte ent interpretations in	gnificance and influence of contextual contexts. erpretations and alternative readings of support or contrast to own argument.			
Level 4	16 – 20			blication/exploration				
		Discrit cohes Demo Analys Provid factor Makes Produ	minating use of ive transitions a nstrates discrim ses, in a controll les a discriminat s. s detailed links b ces a developed	concepts and terming nd carefully chosen la inating understandin led way, the nuances ting analysis of the sig petween texts and co d exploration of differ	ng of how meanings are shaped in texts. and subtleties of the writer's craft. gnificance and influence of contextual			

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression.
		 Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft.
		 Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors.
		 Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts.
		Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings
		of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application of alternative
		interpretations to illuminate own critical position.

Question Number	Indicative Content
15	Death of a Salesman
	 the domestic appliances which supposedly generate time and leisure are in fact a source of stress for the Lomans due to their unreliability and their expensive cost the car is a problematic technology: it enables one to go further, and it takes one further away. Miller deploys irony in having this machine instrumentally involved in Willy's death the wire recorder is significant because it signifies a profound change in the nature of relationships: Howard, the new boss, prefers his children to talk to it rather than to him, and the children's voices that Howard plays to Willy are mechanical and jaded; Howard is too preoccupied with his machine to take full notice of Willy. The wire machine terrifies and perplexes Willy, yet such is the lure of the commodity object that he declares he will get one for himself – despite not having the means to do so. It is the most effective symbol in the play of Willy's imminent obsolescence Willy is unable to adapt to the new commercial world. He is still in many respects in the 1930s Willy yearns for a simpler life, lived in closer proximity to nature, but has no means of achieving this change Willy's son Biff also rejects technology and in some respects modernity: he has left the city to go west, because he loves the outdoors and working with his hands contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to machinery and its effect on individuals and societies; the emphasis on the psychological and social aspects of the play in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.

Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet		e 4 when applying t AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet			
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5			
	0	No rewardabl	e material.					
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive						
		Limite lapses Uses and h write Shows Shows Shows	ed use of approp s of expression. a narrative or de ow meanings ar r's craft. s limited awarer s limited awarer s limited awarer	priate concepts and t escriptive approach t re shaped in texts. Sh ness of contextual fac ness of links betweer ness of different inte	n texts and contexts. rpretations and alternative readings of			
	6 10		-		tations to own response.			
Level 2	6-10	 Make expla Orgar Gives Show writer Has g Make Offers 	nation of effects nises and expres surface reading s general unders r's craft. eneral awarenes s general links b s straightforwar	, identifying some lit s. Aware of some app ses ideas with clarity s of texts relating to standing by commer ss of the significance etween texts and co d explanations of dif	ferent interpretations and alternative			
			ngs of texts. Son ent interpretation		eas given with reference to generic			
Level 3	11 – 15		t application/ex					
Levers	11 - 13	 Offersterming Demonstration Demonstration Demonstration Demonstration Demonstration Devel Offersterming 	s a clear respons nology and cond s in expression. onstrates knowle sis. Shows clear onstrates a clear rs. ops relevant link s clear understa	edge of how meaning understanding of the exploration of the s so between texts and nding of different int	ignificance and influence of contextual			
Level 4	16 – 20	Discriminating	g controlled app	lication/exploration	1			
		 Const Discrit cohes Demo Analy Provio factor 	ructs a controlle minating use of ive transitions a nstrates discrim ses, in a controll des a discriminat s.	ed argument with flu concepts and termin nd carefully chosen inating understandin led way, the nuances	ently embedded examples. pology. Controls structures with precise language. ng of how meanings are shaped in texts. s and subtleties of the writer's craft. gnificance and influence of contextual			
		• Produ readir	ces a developed ngs of texts. Disc	exploration of diffe	rent interpretations and alternative and offers integrated exploration of			

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression.
		 Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft.
		 Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors.
		 Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts.
		Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings
		of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application of alternative
		interpretations to illuminate own critical position.

Question Number	Indicative Content			
17	A Streetcar Named Desire			
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:			
	 Harold Mitchell is the least conventionally masculine of the play's men. From the outset, in his single line in Scene One, Mitch's more refined behaviour and values are apparent. This is confirmed in Scene 6 when we learn he wants to marry so that he will have a woman to bring home to his dying mother though less 'macho' than the other men, Mitch doesn't fit the bill of the chivalric hero of whom Blanche dreams. Blanche teases him in French because she knows he won't understand—duping him into playing along with her self-flattering charades Mitch is nonetheless introduced as the closest to a sentimental hero that this world can offer to Blanche: they are drawn together by their mutual need for companionship and support, and also discover that they have both experienced the death of a loved one his desire to see her in the light is used by Williams to lead directly to the exposure of one of her most guarded secrets – the truth of her age, and the reality of her aging appearance the two rape scenarios in the play are presented by Williams to distinguish Mitch, who initially attempts such an assault but retreats at her cries, and Stanley, who is beyond compassion Mitch is the only person other than Stella who seems to understand the tragedy of Blanche's madness, and his 'sobbing', in Williams' stage direction, as Blanche is taken away, confirms him as distinct from the other men in the play contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to men and masculinity; the presentation of Mitch and other men in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its 			
	performance.			
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.			

Question Number	Indicative Content
-	 Indicative Content A Streetcar Named Desire Candidates may refer to the following in their answers: the familiar nature of the motifs and symbols of the play lend it a universal quality: light as truth, for example universality of the themes: truth/lies, deception of others and of self although freshly drawn by Williams, the characters have an archetypal quality: the femme fatale, the hunter/revenger; the play's interest in the language of evolution suggests Blanche and Stanley may be embroiled in a Darwinian struggle in which only the fittest can survive mental breakdown as a response to personal crisis, and the misunderstanding of such mental illness or difficulties as the title suggests, desire and sexuality are central to universal motivating factors in human behaviour and psychology. This universal need to connect with others, to find companionship, is also explored in the text, as is the urge to continue living in a world of mutability – the final streetcar taken by
	 Blanche is destined for Cemeteries counter-arguments are possible: the specificity of post-war America, the diminishing significance of the Southern plantations in an industrialising nation, the specific racialised language of the play may be taken as evidence of a historically specific significance contexts of relevance might include historical and theoretical discussions of the play and its mid-century setting; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance. These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.

Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet		e 4 when applying th AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet			
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5			
	0	No rewardabl	e material.					
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive						
		Limite lapses Uses and h write Shows Shows Shows	ed use of approp s of expression. a narrative or de ow meanings ar s's craft. s limited awarer s limited awarer s limited awarer	priate concepts and te escriptive approach the shaped in texts. Sho ness of contextual fact ness of links between ness of different inter	texts and contexts. pretations and alternative readings of			
			-		ations to own response.			
Level 2	6-10	 Make expla Orgar Gives Show writer Has g Make Offers 	nation of effects sises and expres surface reading s general unders s's craft. eneral awarenes s general links b s straightforwar	, identifying some lite s. Aware of some app ses ideas with clarity, s of texts relating to h standing by comment ss of the significance etween texts and cor d explanations of diff	erary techniques with general ropriate concepts and terminology. although still has errors and lapses. now meanings are shaped in texts. ting on straightforward elements of the and influence of contextual factors. texts. erent interpretations and alternative eas given with reference to generic			
			ent interpretatio					
Level 3	11 - 15	Clear relevant Offers termi lapses Demo analy Demo factor Devel Offers texts.	application/ex a clear respons nology and cond in expression. In expression. In expression. In expression is. Shows clear Instrates a clear s. Instrates a clear s. In clear understa Explores differe	ploration se using relevant text cepts. Creates a logica edge of how meaning understanding of the exploration of the sig ss between texts and nding of different inte ent interpretations in	gnificance and influence of contextual contexts. erpretations and alternative readings of support or contrast to own argument.			
Level 4	16 – 20			blication/exploration				
		Discrit cohes Demo Analy Provid factor Make Produ	minating use of ive transitions a nstrates discrim ses, in a controll les a discriminat s. s detailed links b ces a developed	concepts and terming nd carefully chosen la inating understandin led way, the nuances ting analysis of the sig petween texts and con a exploration of differ	g of how meanings are shaped in texts. and subtleties of the writer's craft. gnificance and influence of contextual			

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression.
		 Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft.
		 Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors.
		 Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts.
		Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings
		of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application of alternative
		interpretations to illuminate own critical position.

Question Number	Indicative Content				
19	Waiting for Godot				
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:				
	 Vladimir announces both he and Estragon are 'bored to death', linking boredom with existential crisis 				
	 there is 'nothing to be done' and 'nothing to do' – the term resounds, as in King Lear; the pervasive mood of nihilism (the Latin root of nihil means nothing) 				
	 waiting, and boredom are deflected by talk (Vladimir and Estragon admit they are 'incapable of being silent'), declarations of happiness, suicide attempts 				
	 Pozzo wants to do something for 'honest fellows' who are 'having a dull, dull time.' Pozzo's identification with the figure of the master or the exploitative boss means this line can be read as a comment on the tedium of modern work in an industrialised economy 				
	 the purposelessness of not being bored: after Pozzo and Lucky depart, Vladimir comments that their visit 'passed the time', to which Estragon replies 'it would have passed anyway' 				
	 the excitement of the play lies in the ingenuity of the men in finding ways to pass time; in the tension of waiting, as the men do, for Godot to arrive; however, some critics have argued that the play is Beckett's ironic comment on many people's experience of theatre-going: the repetitiveness, the hollow tension, the longing to leave 				
	 contexts of relevance might include the literary and philosophical milieu in which Beckett worked, including existential philosophy, theatre of the absurd; the presentation of boredom and how it is confronted in contemporary and modern productions; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance. 				
	These are suggestions only. Accept any valid alternative responses.				

Question Number	Indicative Content
20	Waiting for Godot
	Candidates may refer to the following in their answers:
	 the setting, as we have it from the stage directions, is not realistic; but audiences can grasp at the existential truth of the bare tree, for example, as symbolic of aspects of reality the chaos and irrationality of the waiting, and the activities undertaken to deflect the boredom of waiting, are at one level detached from reality – and yet capture a general truth about human existence Pozzo and Lucky as absurd – and yet also an apt representation of the human will-to-power or wilful/ignorant enslavement we may laugh or despair at the hopelessness of the endless waiting for Godot – and yet in the real world, many people often wait, fruitlessly, for their hopes to be fulfilled Martin Esslin's famous argument that absurdist drama is 'more realistic than realism', since it presents inner truths – as the absurd world is reflected into the consciousness of an individual as their inner reality contexts of relevance might include historical or theoretical details relating to realism and perceptions of reality; reference may also be made to a variety of critical opinions and interpretations of the text and its performance.

Level	Mark	AO1 = bullet		e 4 when applying th AO3 = bullet	AO5 = bullet
		point 1	point 2	point 3, 4	point 5
	0	No rewardabl	e material.		
Level 1	1-5	Descriptive			
		Limite lapses Uses a and h writer Shows Shows Shows	ed use of approp s of expression. a narrative or de ow meanings ar s's craft. s limited awarer s limited awarer s limited awarer	priate concepts and te escriptive approach the re shaped in texts. Sho ness of contextual fact ness of links between ness of different inter	texts and contexts. pretations and alternative readings of
			-		ations to own response.
Level 2	6-10	 Make explat Orgar Gives Show writer Has g Makes Offers 	nation of effects sises and expres surface reading s general unders s's craft. eneral awarenes s general links b s straightforwar	, identifying some lite s. Aware of some app ses ideas with clarity, s of texts relating to h standing by comment ss of the significance a etween texts and con d explanations of diffe	erary techniques with general ropriate concepts and terminology. although still has errors and lapses. now meanings are shaped in texts. ting on straightforward elements of the and influence of contextual factors. texts. erent interpretations and alternative eas given with reference to generic
			ent interpretatio		
Level 3	11 - 15	Clear relevant Offers termi lapses Demo analys Demo factor Devel Offers texts.	application/ex a clear respons nology and cond in expression. In expression. In expression. In expression is. Shows clear Instrates a clear s. Instrates a clear s. In clear understa Explores differe	ploration se using relevant text cepts. Creates a logica edge of how meaning understanding of the exploration of the sig ss between texts and nding of different inte ent interpretations in	gnificance and influence of contextual contexts. erpretations and alternative readings of support or contrast to own argument.
Level 4	16 – 20			blication/exploration	
		Discrit cohes Demo Analys Provid factor Makes Produ	minating use of ive transitions a nstrates discrim ses, in a controll les a discriminat s. s detailed links b ces a developed	concepts and termino nd carefully chosen la inating understandin led way, the nuances ting analysis of the sig petween texts and con l exploration of differ	g of how meanings are shaped in texts. and subtleties of the writer's craft. gnificance and influence of contextual

Level 5	21 – 25	Critical and evaluative		
		 Presents a critical evaluative argument with sustained textual examples. Evaluates the effects of literary features with sophisticated use of concepts and terminology. Uses sophisticated structure and expression. Exhibits a critical evaluation of the ways meanings are shaped in texts. Displays a 		
		sophisticated understanding of the writer's craft.		
		 Presents a sophisticated evaluation and appreciation of the significance and influence of contextual factors. 		
		 Makes sophisticated links between texts and contexts. 		
		• Applies a sustained evaluation of different interpretations and alternative readings		
		of texts. This is supported by sophisticated use of application of alternative		
		interpretations to illuminate own critical position.		

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at 80 Strand, London, WC2R 0RL, United Kingdom